MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET
(Prepared According to 29 CFR 1910.1200)

SECTION 1 - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION:
Distributor: Custom Solutions
Address: 900 East 103rd Street, Chicago, IL 60628
Prepared By: LPL
Trade Name: STRONG SAFETY
Product Type: Floor Coatings Stripper

SECTION 2 - INGREDIENTS:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CHEMICAL NAME/COMMON NAME</th>
<th>CAS NO.</th>
<th>WT. %(opt)</th>
<th>TLV(Source)</th>
<th>TITLE III, SECT. 313</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethylene Glycol Phenyl Ether</td>
<td>122-99-6</td>
<td>7-15%</td>
<td>25ppm (Skin)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethanolamine</td>
<td>141-43-5</td>
<td>1-10%</td>
<td>3ppm(TWA); 6 ppm(STEEL)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium Metasilicate</td>
<td>6834-92-0</td>
<td>1-10%</td>
<td>None Established</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium Xylene Sulfonate</td>
<td>1300-72-7</td>
<td>1-10%</td>
<td>None Established</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water</td>
<td>7732-18-5</td>
<td>1-10%</td>
<td>None Established</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 3 - PHYSICAL DATA:
- Boiling point (°F.): 212°F
- Specific Gravity (H2O=1.0): 1.1
- pH: 13.2 ± 0.5

SECTION 4 - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA:
- None to Boiling Flammable Limits
- Extinguishing Media: Water spray, foam, CO2 or dry chemicals may be used in areas where this product is stored.
- Special Firefighting Procedures: Do not enter confined fire-spaces without protective clothing and self-contained air supply.
- Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: None

SECTION 5 - REACTIVITY DATA:
- Stability: Stable
- Incompatibility: Strong acids/oxidizers. Do not mix with chlorinated detergents (bleach).

SECTION 6 - HEALTH HAZARD DATA:
- Primary Routes of Exposure: Eye, Skin, Inhalation, Other
- Signs and Symptoms Of Overexposure:
  - Acute: Corrosive material. Contact with skin can cause severe irritation with pain, severe redness & swelling with chemical burns & possible tissue destruction. Contact with eyes can cause severe burns, permanent damage & possibility blindness. Harmful or fatal if swallowed - causes severe burns of mouth, throat & stomach. Aspiration into lungs may occur during ingestion or vomiting resulting in lung injury.
  - Chronic: Repeated overexposure may result in the absorption of potentially harmful amounts leading to kidney & liver effects.
- Medical Conditions Aggravated by Overexposure: An existing skin disorder.

SECTION 7 - EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:
- Eyes: Flush with water for at least 15 minutes and call a physician.
- Skin: Wash with large amounts of soap and water. If irritation persists, consult a physician.
- Ingestion: Aspiration into lungs may occur during ingestion or vomiting, resulting in lung injury. Do not induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention without delay.
- Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Start artificial respiration if necessary. Oxygen may be administered. Call a physician.

SECTION 8 - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION:
- Respiratory Protection: Not required under normal use conditions with ventilation sufficient to control vapors/mists below regulatory limits.
- Protective Gloves: Impervious protective clothing appropriate to minimize contact (ie: boots, apron, faceshield) depending on operation.
- Other Protective Clothing: Chemical Goggles

SECTION 9 - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES:
- Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Stop leak if you can without risk. Dike ahead of large spills to prevent run-off. Mop, pump or take up with sand or other inert absorbent and reclaim into containers for reuse, recycle, or proper disposal.

SECTION 10 - STORAGE AND HANDLING INFORMATION:
- Relatively Non-Volatile
- If Released in Handling and Storage: Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact.
- DOT Classification: Corrosive liquid, basic, organic, n.o.s. (Ethanolamine), 8, UN3267, PGIII. (ORM-D in containers of 1 gal or less).

The health hazards given on this Material Safety Data Sheet apply to this product in its concentrated form (as supplied) and may differ significantly at use dilution. The signs and symptoms of overexposure apply only to negligence in handling or misuse of the concentrated product and not to the routine exposure of the diluted product under conditions of ordinary use.